



### [Focus on Climate-Smart Agriculture for a Sustainable Future in Africa: LONGi Representative Participated the China-Africa-United Nations High-Level Dialogue](#)

The “High-Level Dialogue on Strengthening China-Africa-UN Cooperation on Climate Change” was held in Beijing on May 27. This event, initiated jointly by the Embassy of Kenya and the United Nations Representative Office in China is part of the “China-Africa-UN Transition Partnership Initiative.” African countries invited development partners to coordinate technical and financial support to explore ways to balance food production with climate action to ensure the sustainable low-carbon development of Africa’s natural assets, thereby contributing to global decarbonization. James, President of MEA&CA region, LONGi Green Technology Co., Ltd., participated in the dialogue as an invited business representative. According to the United Nations Food and Agriculture Organization (FAO), there are about 4.7 billion hectares of land available for agriculture globally, of which about 1.7 billion hectares, or 36 %, are in Africa. Solar Quarter

### [After Selling Fighter Jets, Tanks, Howitzers To Nigeria, China Cements Military Ties With Joint Naval Drills](#)

The Chinese People’s Liberation Army (PLA) Navy recently concluded a key multilateral joint exercise in Nigeria, underscoring its expanding presence in far seas, particularly in the Atlantic Ocean. The exercise, which lasted from May 27 to June 1, featured the participation of Xuchang, a Type 054A frigate in the PLA Navy’s 46th escort task force, as part of the Nigerian Navy’s 68th anniversary celebrations. The drills were primarily focused on counter-piracy and counter-oil theft operations, encompassing various training activities such as vessel maneuvering, joint patrols, and communications drills. Wu Qian, spokesperson for the Chinese Ministry of National Defense, emphasized the significance of the PLA Navy’s participation in deepening military exchanges and practical cooperation between China and relevant countries, contributing to the establishment of a high-level China-Africa community with a shared future. EurAsian Times.

### [Egypt and China: Strategic partnership](#)

Cairo and Beijing are deepening their already close relationship, writes Gamal Essam El-Din. President Abdel-Fattah Al-Sisi and his Chinese counterpart Xi Jinping committed to reinforcing cooperation and coordination between Cairo and Beijing over the next five years during extensive talks held in the Chinese capital on 29 May. The meeting between Al-Sisi and Xi Jinping coincided with the 10th anniversary of the elevation of Egyptian-Chinese relations to the comprehensive strategic partnership level. According to an official joint statement, the two leaders agreed that economic cooperation will prioritise technology transfer by expanding Egypt-bound industrial investment. The statement said Chinese industrial investments in Egypt will mainly focus on the manufacture of electric vehicles and solar panels, followed by chemical industries, building materials, agricultural biotechnology and hotels. Ahram Online.

### [India lost the manufacturing race to China. Here's why it could still succeed](#)

Today is India's election day. Well, technically, it's the day that the official results from India's election are expected to be announced. Voting has been going on for the past six weeks. It apparently takes a long time for 900 million voters to cast their ballots. The economy is a top concern for Indian voters. And, if they were to compare their economy's long-run trajectory to their neighbor to the northeast — China — they might have a lot to complain about. Back in 1980, India and China were roughly equal when it came to earning money. Both nations' GDP per capita — or, more casually speaking, their average income per resident — was around \$300 per year. In the decades since 1980, however, the fortunes of the Chinese have rocketed dramatically ahead of the Indians. The average Chinese resident now makes over \$13,000 per year. The average Indian resident makes only about \$2,700. China's economy, in other words, has grown almost five times faster than India's. NPR.

### [China-US contest in Kenya goes beyond SGR and big roads](#)

The goodies from the US after our president's visit have been highly publicised despite being almost overshadowed by the president's means of travel. How will China, America's silent competitor for influence in Kenya, react? Any observer will notice that after our independence, US economic influence in Kenya faded. The UK served as a buffer, expected because of her colonial grip. A man named Unia, whose family lived in the White Highlands, shared with me an advert that demonstrates the American economic influence. His family business distributed car models that were very American; Chevrolet, Buick, Pontiac, and Oldsmobile. That was in the late 1940s. Culturally and politically, US influence rose. Our children's names are more American than Chinese. Our business names are more American than Chinese. I have come across Texas, Oklahoma, NY, California, and other US states as business names in Kenya. The Standard.

### [Zambia's debt restructuring limps over line as painful test case](#)

More than three-and-a-half years, or 1,300 days, after resource-rich Zambia formally declared itself bankrupt it is about to drag itself out of default, leaving some hard lessons for richer nations about how their much-vaunted debt relief plan performed. Tuesday will see its international bondholders vote through their part of a \$13.4 billion debt restructuring and make Zambia the first to complete a full-blown rework under the G20-led 'Common Framework' architecture. Hakainde Hichilema, Zambia's president, has described it as a historic moment and the head of the International Monetary Fund (IMF), Kristalina Georgieva, has hailed it as an important sign of multilateral cooperation. But for many involved in the day-to-day work - and repeated delays - it will be more of a weary cheer than a celebratory fist shake. "It was painful for Zambia - we fully recognise that," William Roos, the co-chair of both the 'Paris Club' of richer Western creditor nations and of Zambia's Official Creditor Committee that included Zambia's biggest lender China, said at a Finance for Development Lab debt conference in Paris on Friday. Reuters.

### [Chinese embassy donates necessities to Zimbabwean children](#)

The Chinese Embassy in Zimbabwe on Monday donated a batch of necessities to Dzikwa Trust Fund, a Zimbabwean educational charity organization, in Harare, the capital of Zimbabwe. The items, including foodstuffs and toiletries, were officially handed over by Chinese Ambassador to Zimbabwe Zhou Ding. Oili Wuolle, the program director for Dzikwa Trust Fund, expressed her gratitude for the donation, saying that the items would significantly support the children, many of whom are orphans living with extended families. "We are very

appreciative of this donation because it covers food and toiletries for our kitchen for one full month," she told Xinhua after receiving the donation. The donation also included smartphones to support the school's digital skills training programs. Support from the Chinese Embassy has been crucial in educating the children, and four students from the organization are currently studying in Chinese universities, said Wuolle. Xinhua.

### [Tunisia: the strategic partnership with China and the role of Italy, speaks Alessandro Politi](#)

The establishment of the "strategic partnership" between China and Tunisia was relaunched on X by the Chinese embassy in Italy, perhaps confirming the importance of the role played by Italy in the North African context, or perhaps as an invitation to collaboration or a of challenge between an Italy committed to the implementation of the Mattei Plan and China with its Silk Road (Belt and Road Initiative). "Nova Agency" interviewed Alessandro Politi, political and strategic analyst, director of Born Defense College Foundation, former professor of Geopolitics, geoeconomics and intelligence at the Italian Society for International Organization (Sioi), as well as a teacher of conflict, crisis, pacification and analysis management at Italian government training institutes. Agenzia Nova.

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